

Recombinant Human CD45R0 (C-6His)

Catalog #	EPT226
Expression Host	Human Cells
DESCRIPTION	Recombinant Human Receptor-type Tyrosine-protein
	Phosphatase C is produced by our Mammalian
	expression system and the target gene encoding
	Gln26 - Lys416 is expressed with a 6His tag at the
	C-terminus.
Accession	P08575-4
Synonyms	B220; CD45 antigen; CD45; CD45R; LCA; L-CA; LY5;
	protein tyrosine phosphatase, receptor type, C; PTPRC;
	receptor-type tyrosine-protein phosphatase C
Mol Mass	45.2 KDa
AP Mol Mass	80-120 KDa, reducing conditions
Purity	Greater than 95% as determined by reducing
	SDS-PAGE.
Endotoxin	Less than 0.1 ng/ μ g (1 EU/ μ g) as determined by LAL
	test.
FORMULATION	Lyophilized from a 0.2 μ m filtered solution of PBS, pH



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7.4.

RECONSTITUTION

Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.

It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100µg/ml.

Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water. Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

SHIPPINGThe product is shipped at ambient temperature.Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperaturelisted below.

STORAGELyophilized protein should be stored at < -20 ° C,
though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.
Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7°C
for 2-7 days.

Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20° C for 3 months.

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BACKGROUND Protein tyrosine phosphatase, receptor type C (CD45), also known as PTPRC is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family which is known for its function to serve as signaling molecules and to regulate a variety of cellular processes such as cell



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proliferation, differentiation, mitotic cycle and oncogenic transformation. It is a variably glycosylated 180-220 kDa transmembrane protein that is abundantly expressed on all nucleated cells of hematopoietic origin. CD45 has several isoforms, expressed according to cell type, developmental stage and antigenic exposure. CD45 has been best studied in T cells, where it determines T cell receptor signaling thresholds. CD45 is moved into or out of the immunological synapse (IS) membrane microdomain depending on the relative influence of interaction with the extracellular galectin lattice or the intracellular actin cytoskeleton. Galectin interaction can be fine-tuned by varying usage of the heavily O-glycosylated spliced regions and sialylation of N-linked carbohydrates. Within the IS, CD45 dephosphorylates and negatively regulates the src family kinase, LCK. In other leukocytes, CD45 influences differentiation and links immunoreceptor signaling with cytokine secretion and cell survival, partially overlapping in function with DEP-1/CD148. CD45 deletion causes in severe immunodeficiency,



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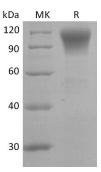
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while point mutations may be associated with autoimmune disorders.



SDS-PAGE



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