

Biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 S Protein RBD-SD1 (C-Avi-6His)

Catalog # EPT061

Expression Host Human Cells

DESCRIPTION Biotinylated SARS-CoV-2 S Protein RBD-SD1 is

produced by our Mammalian expression system and

the target gene encoding Arg319-Ser591 is expressed

with a Avi, 6His tag at the C-terminus.

Accession QHD43416.1

Synonyms 2019-nCov RBD Protein; 2019-nCoV Spike RBD Protein

Mol Mass 33.2kDa

AP Mol Mass 38-45kDa, reducing conditions

Purity Greater than 95% as determined by reducing

SDS-PAGE.

Endotoxin

FORMULATION Supplied as a 0.2 µm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4

RECONSTITUTION

SHIPPING The product is shipped on dry ice pack. Upon receipt,

store it immediately at the temperature listed below.



+86-27-59760950 ELKbio@ELKbiotech.com

www.elkbiotech.com



STORAGE

Reconstituted protein solution should be stored at ≤ -20°C.

BACKGROUND

The spike (S) glycoprotein of coronaviruses is known to be essential in the binding of the virus to the host cell at the advent of the infection process. Most notable is severe acute respiratory syndrome (SARS). The severe acute respiratory syndrome-coronavirus (SARS-CoV) spike (S) glycoprotein alone can mediate the membrane fusion required for virus entry and cell fusion. It is also a major immunogen and a target for entry inhibitors. It's been reported that 2019-nCoV can infect the human respiratory epithelial cells through interaction with the human ACE2 receptor. The spike protein is a large type I transmembrane protein containing two subunits, S1 and S2. S1 mainly contains a receptor binding domain (RBD), which is responsible for recognizing the cell surface receptor. S2 contains basic elements needed for the membrane fusion. The S protein plays key parts in the induction of neutralizing-antibody and T-cell responses, as well as protective immunity.





