



# PML rabbit pAb

Cat No.:ES3239

For research use only

## Overview

<b>Product Name</b>	PML rabbit pAb
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Species Cross-Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Recommended dilutions</b>	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. Immunohistochemistry: 1/100 - 1/300. Immunofluorescence: 1/200 - 1/1000. ELISA: 1/10000. Not yet tested in other applications.
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human PML. AA range:11-60
<b>Specificity</b>	PML Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of PML protein.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Protein Name</b>	Protein PML
<b>Gene Name</b>	PML
<b>Cellular localization</b>	Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm . Nucleus, PML body . Nucleus, nucleolus. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane ; Peripheral membrane protein ; Cytoplasmic side . Early endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Isoform PML-1 can shuttle between the nucleus and cytoplasm. Isoform PML-2, isoform PML-3, isoform PML-4, isoform PML-5 and isoform PML-6 are nuclear isoforms whereas isoform PML-7 and isoform PML-14 lacking the nuclear localization signal are cytoplasmic isoforms. Detected in the nucleolus after DNA damage. Acetylation at Lys-487 is essential for its nuclear localization. Within the nucleus, most of PML is expressed in the diffuse nuclear fraction of the nucleoplasm and only a small fraction is found in





### Purification

the matrix-associated nuclear bodies (PML-NBs).

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The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.

### Clonality

Polyclonal

### Concentration

1 mg/ml

### Observed band

98kD

### Human Gene ID

5371

### Human Swiss-Prot Number

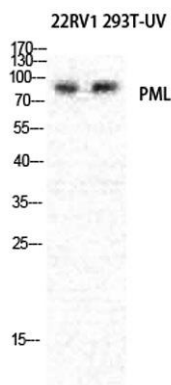
P29590

### Alternative Names

PML; MYL; RNF71; TRIM19; Protein PML; Promyelocytic leukemia protein; RING finger protein 71; Tripartite motif-containing protein 19

### Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the tripartite motif (TRIM) family. The TRIM motif includes three zinc-binding domains, a RING, a B-box type 1 and a B-box type 2, and a coiled-coil region. This phosphoprotein localizes to nuclear bodies where it functions as a transcription factor and tumor suppressor. Its expression is cell-cycle related and it regulates the p53 response to oncogenic signals. The gene is often involved in the translocation with the retinoic acid receptor alpha gene associated with acute promyelocytic leukemia (APL). Extensive alternative splicing of this gene results in several variations of the protein's central and C-terminal regions; all variants encode the same N-terminus. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been identified. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],



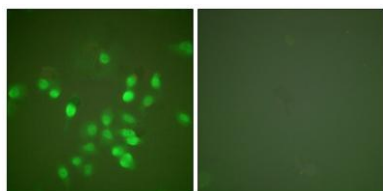
Western Blot analysis of various cells using PML Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000





Western Blot analysis of A549 cells using PML Polyclonal Antibody diluted at 1:1000

Immunofluorescence analysis of A549 cells, using PML Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.



Immunohistochemistry analysis of paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue, using PML Antibody. The picture on the right is blocked with the synthesized peptide.

