



# Cleaved-Caspase-9 p35 (D315) rabbit pAb

**Cat No.:ES1009**

For research use only

## Overview

<b>Product Name</b>	Cleaved-Caspase-9 p35 (D315) rabbit pAb
<b>Host species</b>	Rabbit
<b>Applications</b>	WB;IHC;IF;ELISA
<b>Species Cross-Reactivity</b>	Human;Rat;Mouse;
<b>Recommended dilutions</b>	WB 1:500-2000, IHC-p 1:50-300, IF 1:50-300
<b>Immunogen</b>	The antiserum was produced against synthesized peptide derived from human Caspase 9. AA range:266-315
<b>Specificity</b>	Cleaved-Caspase-9 p35 (D315) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of fragment of activated Caspase-9 p35 protein resulting from cleavage adjacent to D315.
<b>Formulation</b>	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
<b>Storage</b>	Store at -20°C . Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Protein Name</b>	Caspase9
<b>Gene Name</b>	CASP9
<b>Cellular localization</b>	nucleus,mitochondrion,cytosol,apoptosome,
<b>Purification</b>	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Concentration</b>	1 mg/ml
<b>Observed band</b>	35 46kD
<b>Human Gene ID</b>	842
<b>Human Swiss-Prot Number</b>	P55211
<b>Alternative Names</b>	CASP9; MCH6; Caspase-9; CASP-9; Apoptotic protease Mch-6; Apoptotic protease-activating factor 3; APAF-3; ICE-like apoptotic protease 6; ICE-LAP6
<b>Background</b>	CASP9 encodes a member of the cysteine-aspartic acid protease (caspase) family. Sequential activation of caspases plays a central role in the



execution-phase of cell apoptosis. Caspases exist as inactive proenzymes which undergo proteolytic processing at conserved aspartic residues to produce two subunits, large and small, that dimerize to form the active enzyme. Caspase 9 can undergo autoproteolytic processing and activation by the apoptosome, a protein complex of cytochrome c and the apoptotic peptidase activating factor 1; this step is thought to be one of the earliest in the caspase activation cascade. Caspase 9 is thought to play a central role in apoptosis and to be a tumor suppressor. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants.